

Equation of Motion

The equations of motion for incompressible Newtonian fluid in *Cartesian coordinates* (x, y, z).

Continuity equation

$$\frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} = 0$$

Momentum equation

x -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial y} + u_z \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial z} \right) &= \\ &= -\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \eta \left(\frac{\partial^2 u_x}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_x}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_x}{\partial z^2} \right) + \rho g_x \end{aligned}$$

y -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_y}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y} + u_z \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial z} \right) &= \\ &= -\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \eta \left(\frac{\partial^2 u_y}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_y}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_y}{\partial z^2} \right) + \rho g_y \end{aligned}$$

z -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_z}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial y} + u_z \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \right) &= \\ &= -\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \eta \left(\frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial z^2} \right) + \rho g_z \end{aligned}$$

Equation of Motion

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The equations of motion for incompressible Newtonian fluid in **cylindrical coordinates** (r, θ, z)

Continuity equation

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (ru_r) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} = 0$$

Momentum equation

r -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial t} + u_r \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} + \frac{u_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{u_\theta^2}{r} + u_z \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \right) = \\ = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial r} + \eta \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (ru_r) \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial \theta^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial z^2} \right] + \rho g_r \end{aligned}$$

θ -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial t} + u_r \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial r} + \frac{u_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{u_r u_\theta}{r} + u_z \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial z} \right) = \\ = -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} + \eta \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (ru_\theta) \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u_\theta}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial^2 u_\theta}{\partial z^2} \right] + \rho g_\theta \end{aligned}$$

z -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_z}{\partial t} + u_r \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r} + \frac{u_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} + u_z \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} \right) = \\ = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \eta \left[\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial z^2} \right] + \rho g_z \end{aligned}$$

Equation of Motion

The equations of motion for incompressible Newtonian fluid in *spherical coordinates* (r, θ, ϕ)

Continuity equation

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 u_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (u_\theta \sin \theta) + \frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} = 0$$

Momentum equation

r -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial t} + u_r \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} + \frac{u_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{u_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{u_\theta^2 + u_\phi^2}{r} \right) = \\ = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial r} + \eta \left[\nabla^2 u_r - \frac{2}{r^2} u_r - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} - \frac{2}{r^2} u_\theta \cot \theta - \frac{2}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \right] + \rho g_r \end{aligned}$$

θ -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial t} + u_r \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial r} + \frac{u_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{u_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \phi} + \frac{u_r u_\theta}{r} - \frac{u_\phi^2 \cot \theta}{r} \right) = \\ = -\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} + \eta \left[\nabla^2 u_\theta + \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} - \frac{u_\theta}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} - \frac{2 \cos \theta}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \right] + \rho g_\theta \end{aligned}$$

ϕ -component :

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left(\frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial t} + u_r \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial r} + \frac{u_\theta}{r} \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \theta} + \frac{u_\phi}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{u_\phi u_r}{r} + \frac{u_\theta u_\phi}{r} \cot \theta \right) = \\ = -\frac{1}{r \sin \theta} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \phi} + \eta \left[\nabla^2 u_\phi - \frac{u_\phi}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} + \frac{2}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \phi} + \frac{2 \cos \theta}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \phi} \right] + \rho g_\phi \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\nabla^2 u_i = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 u_i}{\partial \phi^2}$$